

## IT MAKES THEM SAD.

Discharge of Government Employees Brings Gloom.

Reductions and Dismissals in All the Departments.

## BRING MUCH SORROW.

Three Hundred Clerks Go in Treasury Alone.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—[Special.]—Washington and all its surroundings are at the height of their summer beauty. There has been abundant rain and not much extreme heat, and all nature shows her richest emerald hues. There are river excursions every day, and for a land trip one may take his choice between Chevy Chase, the great Zoological park, the Georgetown Heights, Cobble John's bridge, Coxe's camp, Mount Vernon and all the rest. And yet we are not happy. In fact, the statement one hears so often that there is more sadness in Washington now than at any time since the war is not far from absolute truth. It is a sadness that can be felt. One who walks through the departments, or in the districts where there is a great deal of petty retail trade, or among the boarding houses, takes the general impression of sadness even when nothing is said. Dismissals from the various departments continue, and, contrary to the usual rule, the reality has proved far worse than the anticipation. The discharge of one employee brings trouble to many persons, and general trade is seriously affected. Some say the falling off already amounts to \$150,000 per month, and this in turn causes caution in every branch.

Dismissals Cause Hardship. The figures hitherto published do not show the full number of dismissals. The first estimate was that \$2,000,000 in annual salaries was to be saved, but there will probably be more. The first statement in support of the Dockery bill indicated a decrease of \$240,000 in the treasury department and the discharge of some 300 clerks, as the second comptroller's office is to be entirely abolished as well as two divisions in the sixth auditor's office. Secretary Carlisle says it will take until Nov. 1 to complete the consolidation of the offices, but dismissals are already in progress.

In the war office something between \$400,000 and \$450,000 is to be saved in clerk hire. In the record and pension bureau at least 300 clerks go, as the old muster rolls and records of individual soldiers have now been arranged and copied in such convenient shape that any question thereon can be answered at once. The exact number of dismissals in other bureaus of the war department is not yet settled, but it will fall little, if any, below 500, and a bad feature of it is that in a majority of the bureaus it is not yet known who is to go. In those bureaus where the work is practically completed all or nearly all the discharged employees will be Republicans, simply because there are few others there.

## Fewer Persons, but More Work.

In some of the divisions more than four-fifths of the employees came in before Mr. Cleveland's first term and were not disturbed, nor will the pending dismissals be made on political grounds. The efficiency record will determine and the most competent be retained without regard to age, sex or politics. Congressmen have visited the department and urged that the least dependent should be dismissed, but Secretary Lamont found it impossible to make minute inquiries in every case, and there was proof that every dismissal would cause hardship. In the navy department alone is there a prospect of increased employment. At least there will be no dismissals in the state department, but much of the reduction of force results from the same causes operative in almost every kind of business—that is, new methods have made it possible for fewer persons to do more work. As an instance, instructions to officials, especially consuls, have heretofore been carefully written and three copies made—one for the official, one for the files and one for the public printer. Now they are to be done on a typewriter, and the three copies can be made at once, so that in place of three penmen receiving \$900 per year each there is one expert typewriter receiving \$1,200. Correspondence in the state department and foreign governments is still to be done with a pen, and in this line, of course, the most skillful writers are employed.

In the interior department there are also many reductions. At the beginning of the year there were over 1,000 employees in the census bureau, and it is close of it there will be little more than half as many. Dismissals will continue steadily thereafter, as all work on the census will be completed by next February. Down to the present it is estimated that nearly two-thirds of those discharged have been women, most of them well-salaried. \$75 per month or less in the last office less than 100 persons have been discharged during the entire year, and in consequence of the opening of the Oklahoma strip and some old Indian and army reservations the commissioner asked for an increase, but it was not granted. Whenever congress adjourns many clerks, typewriters and others are thrown out of work temporarily, and the number will be larger than usual this year. Altogether it is estimated that about 3,000 people will lose their jobs between June 1 and Aug. 1, which will amount, as near as can be determined, to the withdrawal of \$2,000,000 from the money paid out each month in this district and possibly \$200,000 from the amount paid to clothing and provision men.

## Jerry Simpson Hopeful.

An unusually large number of statesmen and their families are at Berkeley Springs, Va., and our genial Populist friend, Jerry Simpson, sends a daily note to his companions in the house that he is enjoying himself there very much more than he had expected, is regaining strength and confidently counts on being able soon to take his seat as representative and thereafter enter on the red-hot campaign in Kansas. Incidentally it may be added that while politics will be lively almost everywhere this year it is generally conceded that Kansas in the north and North Carolina in the south will be "hotter" than anywhere else.

Added to the unemployed. The dismissal of twenty employees of the census bureau took effect today.

who is here to represent the so-called "Australians of New England" before the house committee on labor and the senate special committee on business depression. As a proper conclusion it may be added that Messrs. Coxe, Browne and company emerged from the jail on Sunday morning and went out to Camp Beattie to find 800 half-starved men there. Said prisoners have lived on the very fat of the land while in jail by the kindness of various ladies here.

## LIKE COAL OIL JOHNNIE.

Ernest Pitzch Makes a Sensation at Coney Island Throwing Silver.

CONEY ISLAND, N. Y., June 16.—Ernest Pitzch, proprietor of the Palm hotel and the New York hotel at St. Augustine, Fla., went on a spree and made things hum at West Brighton for a few hours.

Pitzch had been drinking champagne at his hotel with some friends all night and at noon started out to do the bowery. After making things very lively for everybody in several of the concert halls he dropped into Count Vacca's western casino. Pitzch carried three large cigar boxes filled with silver coin under his arm. Soon the Smilax sisters, song and dance performers, appeared on the stage. They had just finished their first song and were leaving the stage when a shower of silver coins fell upon their heads. Pitzch had emptied one cigar box.

The Smilax sisters paid no attention to the valuable shower, but started in to sing the second song, when down came the contents of the second box. This was too much for the song and dance girls, and they stooped to pick up the coins while the audience applauded in a wild manner.

Soon the news spread around that a guy from the south was throwing money around at Vacca's, and the casino was crowded to suffocation.

Florence French was next to appear, and the third and last box of coins was thrown at her when she sang "Away Down South in Dixie."

Ella Wesner followed Miss French, and after she appeared on the stage, Miss Wesner began to sing. "I am a southern woman; how is it that you don't throw money at me?" she shouted. This was more than the hotel keeper could bear, and going out to the cashier's desk, he exchanged a \$100 bill for silver.

He then placed the silver on a fire shovel and walking down the aisle he threw it over the heads of the orchestra members at Miss Wesner.

The latter immediately picked up the coins and placing them in her neat little brown derby, walked off the stage singing, "Hard Times Come Again No More." Pitzch then turned to the cashier for the entire audience which numbered more than six hundred people. Pitzch is very wealthy and has lived at Coney Island during the summer season for fifty years.

Count Vacca said Pitzch threw more than \$500 upon the stage.

After the casino, the hotel keeper ordered his coachman to drive him to the bank in New York, where he said he was going to get a keg of silver coins and have some more fun.

## MISS ANTHONY RECALLED.

By the National Equal Suffrage Association, So It Is Rumored.

A rumor is prevalent that Kansas will hear no more of Susan B. Anthony, at least not until after the election.

As the story goes when the action of Miss Anthony before the Populist state convention in pleading her support to the ticket became known there was a commotion among the members of the equal suffrage association, of which Miss Anthony is the national president.

The association is non-political, and many of its members here and elsewhere are strong Republicans.

The dissatisfaction over her action was so strong that it is reported she received a letter recalling her to New York.

A prominent Republican of the city in speaking of the matter said: "You can say that Miss Anthony has gone east and it is also safe to say that she will not return to Kansas, and the Populists will be disappointed in expecting her support."

There is considerable room for doubt, however, that Miss Anthony would or could be so peremptorily recalled by any committee or organization.

## HARRIS IS SATISFIED.

With the Suffrage Plank in the Populist Platform.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—Colonel W. A. Harris, congressman-at-large from Kansas, stated today that he was highly gratified with the action of the Populist state convention in placing the equal suffrage plank in the platform. Mr. Harris stated that he had received no official announcement of his nomination. He will accept, however, and enter enthusiastically into the fight.

"There will be a new issue in the fight," he declared, "and as the lines will be equally drawn it will make an exciting canvass. I mistake the temper and feeling of the people of Kansas if woman suffrage does not appeal to the voters of the state. I can not engage in the canvass until relieved from my duties here, but will return as soon as congress adjourns. If there is a state in the union which has been made by the woman it is Kansas, and the story of the suffragist from 1855 into the '90s is the most pathetic history with which I am familiar. They made it what it is, and I am glad the opportunity has presented itself of presenting this phase of the question."

## MYRON REED FOR GOVERNOR.

He May Be the Populist Candidate in Colorado.

DENVER, June 16.—Rev. Myron Reed, who had to resign his pastorate of the First Congregational church on the west of dissatisfaction over his expression of sympathy for the Cripple Creek strikers, has announced in an interview his willingness to run for governor as the Populist candidate, although he says he rather favors the renomination of Waiter.

The STATE JOURNAL's Want and Miscellaneous columns reach each working day in the week more than twice as many Topeka people as can be reached through any other paper. This is a fact.

## Yellow, Dried Up and Wrinkled.

Is this the way your face looks? If so, try Beggs' Blood Purifier and Blood Maker. It not only purifies the blood, but renews it, and gives your face a bright youthful appearance. Sold and warranted by W. R. Kennedy, 4th and Kas. Ave.

## Added to the Unemployed.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 16.—The dismissal of twenty employees of the census bureau took effect today.

## GOV. CROUNSE OBJECTS.

Nebraska Republican Executive Fuses About a Commencement Oration.

LINCOLN, Neb., June 16.—The objections raised by Gov. Crouse to the subject matter of a commencement oration at the state university commencement is creating considerable talk throughout the state.

The commencement orator was Prof. George Herron of Iowa College, Grinnell, Ia., and his topic was "A New Political Vision." He startled the audience when he said:

"We Americans have not a democracy yet. We do not select, we elect our representatives. Our American senate of today is forcibly reminding us of the court of Louis XVI. We cannot any more stop with the progress of democracy where it is now than we can take the race back to the Garden of Eden. In a pure democracy the people will be their own legislators. Against the Christian state will be the organized economy of the people. The producer is God's collaborator. Either the principal of competition must come to an end or Christianity, a slave system, whether wages be just or unjust. There are ten millionaires between the producer and consumer where only one is needed. The most honored members of society today are its parasites. The evils of today are nowhere greater than in the speculation of land. Speculation in land is a crime against the nation and a blasphemy against God." The oration was increased later when Gov. Crouse, who presented the diploma to the graduates, departed from his part of the programme to express his disapproval of the position taken by Prof. Herron and to argue against it.

## TODD BUSY AGAIN.

He Sends a Notice to the High School Painting Contractor.

There is trouble between the Painters' union and Geo. P. Conner, the painting contractor of the new high school building. Mr. Conner does not employ union men on the work. He refused to make terms with the union, and the matter was brought before Labor Commissioner Todd.

It was alleged that Mr. Conner is not paying the men the union scale of \$2.50 a day, but instead that he is making a deduction and allows only \$2 for eight hours work.

The labor commissioner says he has twice notified Contractor Conner that he must comply with the eight hour law and pay the men the established wages for eight hours work.

Last evening he sent him the third notice and he says that if the men are not paid the established wages, legal proceedings against him will be commenced.

Mr. Conner said today: "I have never received but one notice from the labor commissioner. He demanded that I violate the law and I am ready to make a showing whenever it is demanded."

"This is a personal fight between the Painters' union and me. They have fought me for five years and now I am at the bat and they are in the field and I propose to keep them there. I have never discriminated between union and non-union men before, but I have not employed them here and do not intend to do so. They came to me with a contract to hire none but union men and asked me to sign it and I positively refused and this is the result."

## TO BEGIN IN AUGUST.

The Populists to Open Their Campaign in That Month.

Governor Lovelling has announced that he will not enter actively into campaign work until August. He says that he owes his time to the duties of his office and will not spend more time than the exigencies of the campaign demand.

A few meetings will be held in July, but the campaign will not be formally opened until some time in the following month.

The governor was at Leavenworth last night where he was initiated into the order of the Mystic Shrine. He left for home this morning and will spend a few days at Geuda Springs before he returns.

## FRANK ANSEL INSANE.

Brought Into Town by the Sheriff Today.

Sheriff Burdge went out to Silver Lake last night and brought to Topeka Frank Ansel who has become violently insane. Ansel has been in the asylum before and he has been periodically insane for a number of years.

Ansel appears to have had a large portion of the population of Silver Lake, the female portion, thoroughly terrorized. He is said to have threatened to kill several of them.

Ansel will be tried before Judge Elliot next week to see if he is a fit subject for the asylum.

## Rosa Will Try a Madstone.

NEVADA, Mo., June 16.—Miss Rosa Roach, of Pawnee, Kans., has arrived here to have H. L. Miller's madstone applied to a wound inflicted by a dog supposed to be affected with hydrophobia.

The unfortunate young lady was bitten on the evening of June 12, at Port Scott, where she was attending a teachers' institute. The same dog attacked other ladies, tearing their clothing, but doing no other damage. The stone adhered several hours.

Dr. Young Held for Malpractice. ARKANSAS CITY, Kan., June 16.—The preliminary examination of Dr. R. M. Young, resulted in holding him to the district court in the sum of \$10,000, which he promptly gave. He is charged with malpractice in causing the death of Mrs. Arthur Wilcox.

Pimples, boils and other humors of the blood are liable to break out in the warm weather. Prevent it by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

## Ottawa Chautauqua.

G. A. R. day June 21st. Governor McKinley will speak. Special train from Topeka Over the Missouri Pacific.

Land you at Forest Park station. Modoc club will go on this train. Return after camp fire.

Fare \$1.59 for round trip. For further information enquire F. E. Noffs, Ticket Agent.

If dull spiritless and stupid: If your blood is thick and sluggish: If your appetite is capricious and uncertain: You need a Sarsaparilla. For best results take Dr. Witt's. It recommends itself. J. K. Jones.

Ring up American Steam Laundry, tele. 341, and have them call for your laundry.

## NEWS OF KANSAS.

A Verdict for \$6,727 Against Dr. McElrre of Newton.

For Crushing the Hopes of a Philadelphia Girl.

## OTHER STATE NEWS.

Editorship of a New York Magazine Offered J. J. Ingalls.

NEWTON, June 16.—In the breach of promise suit brought by Miss Lillian Wolfersberger of Philadelphia against Dr. Geo. A. McElrre of this city for \$10,000 damages, the jury brought in a verdict for \$6,727, with interest amounting to \$227.50, making \$6,954.50. The money was awarded solely for "disappointment and humiliation of the plaintiff." The case has attracted the greatest attention here, and several days have been consumed in trying it. J. W. Ady conducted the defense.

Three years ago both the plaintiff and defendant were living in Philadelphia. They fell in love and were engaged to be wed. The case has attracted the greatest attention here, and several days have been consumed in trying it. J. W. Ady conducted the defense.

In 1892 Dr. McElrre attended the teachers' convention at Hutchinson, and his friendship for Miss Perry, whom he visited then, soon ripened into love, and gradually but completely the Philadelphia girl faded out of his life. He asked to be released from his eastern engagement, but Miss Wolfersberger said him nay.

When the fatal change came Dr. McElrre was unable to tell "can't say," said he on the stand, "why I did not address the plaintiff, 'My Dearest Lillian,' instead of 'Lillian' in that last letter to her nor can I explain why I signed it 'George MacElrre,' instead of 'Your own George,' as had been my custom."

He went to Emporia Christmas day of 1892 to visit Miss Perry and said the boarders at the house where Miss Perry stayed accused him and his sweetheart of keeping them awake. He was married to Miss Perry in June 1893 and as soon as Miss Wolfersberger found out she brought the suit for wounded affections and a blighted life.

## CHANGES AT KANSAS WESLEYAN.

President Schnyler Resigns But Will Hold Till His Successor Is Selected.

SALINA, Kas., June 16.—The board of trustees of the Kansas Wesleyan university have finished their three days' session. Dr. Schnyler resigned the presidency, but his resignation will not be accepted until the executive committee can fill his place. Dr. Schnyler resigned the deanship of finance, but his resignation will not be accepted till the presidency is filled.

Miss Lizzie Stolz resigned the chair of French and German, and the vacancy was filled by the election of Miss Harriette Thompson, who graduated this year from the college. Samuel Warner of Missouri and Henry C. Meyer of Nebraska received the degree of Ph. D. The rate of tuition was increased to \$8 per term, or \$20 per year in advance, in addition to which there will also be an incidental fee of \$3 per term.

## WANT INGALLS FOR EDITOR.

He Has Received an Offer From a New York Magazine.

ARCHISON, June 16.—John J. Ingalls has received an offer to become editor-in-chief of an important magazine published in New York. He will leave for that place tomorrow to confer with the management.

## Syndicate to Lease Oil Lands.

SALINA, Kas., June 16.—A syndicate has been organized in the city for the purpose of leasing lands in the oil belt of this county and vicinity.

The syndicate has already made several leases. They purpose to make a test lease. They offer to the lessor \$50 royalty on each well and a tenth of the value of the product of each well.

## A Wichita Character Disappears.

WICHITA, June 16.—Maj. Yank Owens, a well known character of this place, has suddenly disappeared. There seems to be no reason for his departure, as he was respectable and honest, but the theory is advanced that as notary public he acknowledged some documents that made him an important witness, and he didn't want to testify.

## May Go to Church Now.

ARCHISON, June 16.—One order prohibiting public gatherings on account of the smallpox expired today. The churches will hold services tomorrow as they did before the quarantine was instituted.

## For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for teaching. It soothes, softens the gums, allays pain, cures colic. Best remedy for diarrhoea. 25 cents a bottle.

## Ottawa Excursion.

On G. A. R. day, June 21, Governor McKinley will speak at Ottawa Chautauqua Assembly. To enable Topeka people to see and hear the next president of the United States, the Missouri Pacific has arranged to run a special train from here, leaving at 8 o'clock a. m., arriving at Ottawa at 10 o'clock.

This train will land you at Forest Park station, which is only half a block from the assembly grounds and at which station Governor McKinley is scheduled to arrive 15 minutes later on special train from St. Louis. Returning, train will leave Ottawa after camp fire. The rate is one fare for the round trip, \$1.59. For further and all information, enquire F. E. Noffs, Ticket Agent.

## A Beautifier For Ladies.

Everybody admires a beautiful complexion. Ladies who have used the celebrated Elder Flower Cream, recommend it as the greatest complexion beautifier in the market. It is used by society ladies. For sale by J. K. Jones.

Parties going to Emporia will find the Leland Hotel, opposite Santa Fe depot, a first-class house on American and European plan. Lunch counter and restaurant open all night.

D. Holmes, druggist, 731 Kansas ave.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

## Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

## IT IS THE BLACK DEATH.

The New and Horrible Disease That Has Appeared in China.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 16.—The records of the department of state throw light on the singular plague which is now ravaging China, and make it evident that this most fatal disease is really very similar to the black death or plague which devastated London, as told by De-foe.

It had its origin in Yunnan, a Chinese province, where it is endemic. The Catholic missionaries there held that it was really a pestilential emanation slowly rising in equitable stratum from the ground, and as it increases in depth all animals are, as it were, drowned in its poisonous flood—the smaller creatures being first engulfed and man, the tallest of all, suffering last.

Its approach often may be foretold from the extraordinary movements of the rats, who leave their holes and crevices and issue onto the floor without a trace of their accustomed timidity, springing continually upward from their hind legs as if they were trying to jump out of something.

The rats fall dead, and then comes the turn of the poultry; after the poultry have succumbed, pigs, goats, ponies and oxen successively die off. In man it is indicated by the eruption of one or more minute red pustules, generally in the arm-pits, but occasionally in other glandular regions.

If several pustules appear the case is not considered so hopeless as when they are few. The sufferer is soon seized with extreme weakness, followed in a few hours by agonizing aches in every part of the body, delirium shortly ensues, and in nine cases out of ten the result is fatal. It often happens that the patient suddenly, to all appearances, recovers and leaves his bed, but in such cases the terminance is always a collapse and death.

As soon as a case appears, the Chinese desert the afflicted, leaving him in a room with a jug of water, and peering in the window at intervals, and prodding the victim with a long pole to ascertain if life is extinct. To make matters worse in the country the corpses are not buried but are left in the sun to decay, poisoning the air for miles around.

The disease was never known before 1660, when it appeared during the great Mohammedan rebellion.

It is known in Yangtzu (under the name of bubonic fever) in Laos, in Siam, in Burmah and in Queycho, China, where it has prevailed for years. Never before, however, has it made its way to Canton and to Hong Kong, whence it may spread over the earth.

One reason for attributing its origin to miasmatic influences is the fact that it always appears upon the planting of rice in May and June. It penetrates by caravans and travelers to the uplands and become more severe by fall. Sometimes it passes over certain communities in its line of progress, but only to return later on, or the next year. Whenever it appears the people desert their homes and crops and flee to tents in the hills. In some provinces the population is decimated and whole families disappear.

## Deafness Cannot be Cured.

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When the Tube is inflamed, you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

## An Echo From the World's Fair.

The Lake Shore Route has recently gotten out of a very handsome lithograph color of the "Exposition Flyer," the famous twenty hour train in service between New York and Chicago during the Fair. Among the many wonderful achievements of the Columbian year this train—which was the fastest long distance train ever run—holds a prominent place, and to anyone interested in the subject, the picture is well worth framing.

Ten cents in stamps or silver sent to C. K. Jones, West Pass. Agt., Chicago, will secure one.

## Is Your Hair Falling Out or Turning Gray?

If so, why don't you try Beggs' Hair Renewer? It is the only positive Hair Renewer on the market. It stimulates the hair follicles and gives the hair a soft, luxuriant, youthful appearance. Sold and warranted by W. R. Kennedy, Fourth and Kansas avenue.

Something wrong when you tire too easily. Something wrong when the skin is not clear and smooth. Something right when you take Dr. Witt's Sarsaparilla. It recommends itself. J. K. Jones.

Having purchased F. W. Whittier's interest in the firm, we are prepared to give the people of Topeka the best the market affords. WHITTIER & SON, 730 Kansas ave.

## The Missouri Pacific will run excursion trains to Ottawa on June 21, on which date Governor McKinley will speak at the Ottawa Chautauqua assembly.

Subscribe for the Daily STATE JOURNAL.

## TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

LOST—A pair of spectacles. Will pay \$1.00 to finder. Leave same at Journal office.

WANTED—A good girl for general house work in small family. Swede preferred. 405 Tyler st.

## TODAY'S MARKET REPORT.

Furnished by W. F. Federman, Broker in Grain, Provisions and Stocks, Real Estate Building, Corner Seventh and Jackson Streets.

Chicago Market. CHICAGO, June 17.—Much needed rains and lower cables caused uneasiness in wheat today. July opened  $\frac{1}{8}$ ¢ lower at 58 $\frac{1}{2}$ ¢, lost  $\frac{1}{8}$ ¢ and reacted to 57 $\frac{1}{2}$ ¢. Corn was easy on favorable weather. July opened  $\frac{1}{8}$ ¢ lower, advanced  $\frac{1}{8}$ ¢, lost  $\frac{1}{8}$ ¢ and reacted to the opening price. Oats easy; July 88 $\frac{1}{2}$ ¢. Provisions were a trifle higher on fair buying. September pork opened 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ ¢ higher at \$12.27 $\frac{1}{2}$  and advanced to \$13.30.

September lard \$6.80. Receipts—Wheat, 15,000 bu.; corn, 215,000 bu.; oats, 145,000 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 50,000 bu.; corn, 455,000 bu.; oats, 114,000 bu. Estimated receipts for Monday: Wheat 42 cars; corn, 392 cars; oats, 140 cars; hogs, 37,000 head. Hogs next week 150,000.

JUNE 16. Upd. High Low. Cl'd Yrs. WHEAT—Jun. 57 $\frac{1}{2}$  57 $\frac{1}{2}$  56 $\frac{1}{2}$  56 $\frac{1}{2}$  57 $\frac{1}{2}$  July 58 $\frac{1}{2}$  58 $\frac{1}{2}$  57 $\frac{1}{2}$  57 $\frac{1}{2}$  58 $\frac{1}{2}$  Sept. 60 $\frac{1}{2}$  60 $\frac{1}{2}$  59 $\frac{1}{2}$  59 $\frac{1}{2}$  60 $\frac{1}{2}$  Dec. 63 $\frac{1}{2}$  63 $\frac{1}{2}$  62 $\frac{1}{2}$  62 $\frac{1}{2}$  63 $\frac{1}{2}$  CORN—Jun. 40 $\frac{1}{2}$  40 $\frac{1}{2}$  40 40 $\frac{1}{2}$  40 $\frac{1}{2}$  July 40 $\frac{1}{2}$  40 $\frac{1}{2}$  40 $\frac{1}{2}$  40 $\frac{1}{2}$  40 $\frac{1}{2}$  Sept. 40 $\frac{1$